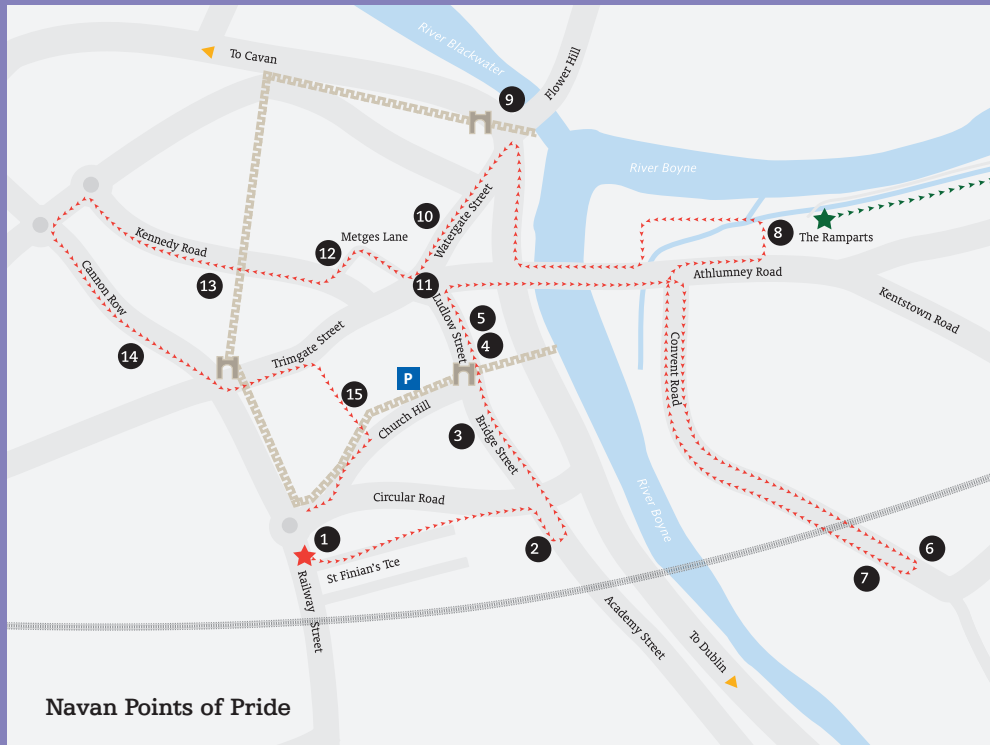


Navan Points of Pride

Welcome to 'Points of Pride' a walking tour of Navan designed to showcase the best of Navan's heritage, with reference to the town's rich historical past and more recent developments. It is a celebration of the people, the architecture and the culture of Navan.

Navan Points of Pride town walk starts at the Solstice Arts Centre and is 4km long. At a leisurely pace it can be completed in approximately 2 hours. Collect your audio guide and brochure at Solstice and enjoy the walk!



Navan Points of Pride

- 1 Solstice Arts Centre**
Solstice is Meath's state of the art 320-seat theatre and tourist information point.
- 2 Academy Street/ John Boyle O'Reilly**
John Boyle O'Reilly, famous poet lived here.
- 3 Meath County Infirmary**
Founded in 1754 by the Meath Grand Jury, (forerunner of Meath County Council), it was one of the Medical Charities developed throughout Ireland in the 18th century.

St. Mary's Church of Ireland

Built in the mid 18th century, one of the most famous rectors was Daniel Augustus Beauport. His son was Sir Francis Beauport who devised the Beauport Scale for measuring wind speed.

The Newgrange Hotel

The Newgrange Hotel replaces the Russell Arms Hotel, which was built in 1837 by the Duke of Bedford.

- 4 Tobberorum Well**
Tobberorum was the only large well inside the town walls during the Middle Ages.
- 5 Old Courthouse**
The Old Courthouse was erected in 1632 by Edward Manning.
- 6 Athlumney Castle**
The ruins of Athlumney Castle.
- 7 Athlumney Church and Graveyard**
The table tomb at the entrance to the graveyard from the road holds the remains of Peter Metge, of the Navan Huguenot family, who became Lord Chancellor of Ireland.

- 8 The Ramparts**
The Boyne Canal towpath is an 8km linear route to Stackallen Bridge.

- 9 Ruxton's Bridge**
From Ruxton's Bridge, enter one of the many pocket parks in the town.
- 10 Poolboy Bridge**
Poolboy Bridge is the meeting of the two rivers - the Boyne and Blackwater.
- 11 Watergate Street**
The 18th century town hall operated originally as Bridewell prison. The Town Stocks are located outside.

- 11 Market Square**
The Market Square was the commercial centre of Navan and a market cross stood at its centre. Now The Bull, a limestone sculpture is a fitting memorial to the trade which took place there for centuries.

- 12 Metge's Lane**
Metge's Lane is named after one of the important Huguenot families who left France and settled in Navan in the early 18th century.

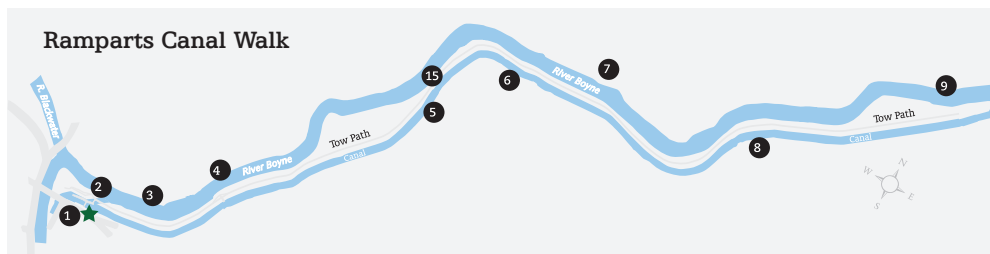
- 13 Kennedy Place**
This award-winning urban space is the new Civic Plaza.

- 14 Canon Row**
The street named Canon Row is one of the oldest in the town dating back to 1540 and is named after the Canons Regular of Saint Augustine whose monastery has disappeared.

- 15 St. Mary's Catholic Church/ Fairgreen**
St. Mary's Catholic Church was built between 1830-1839. Across the street from the churchyard is the Fairgreen. There is a market here every Friday.

You have walked through hundreds of years of Navan history and come full circle. Now, take some time to explore the town further and have a deserving cup of coffee or take in some shopping.

Ramparts Canal Walk



Generations of Navan townspeople promenaded along the Ramparts on Sundays and holidays. The beautiful riverwalk can still be enjoyed today.

The Ramparts walk starts at the Ramparts car park. From here to Stackallen Lock it covers a distance of 8km. At a leisurely pace it can be completed in approximately 3.5 hours.

- 1 The Ramparts
- 2 Ruxton's Bridge
- 3 Blackcastle Point
- 4 Athlumney Bridge and Weir
- 5 Rowley's Lock
- 6 Old Weir
- 7 Dunmoe Castle
- 8 Taafe's Lock
- 9 Stackallen Lock

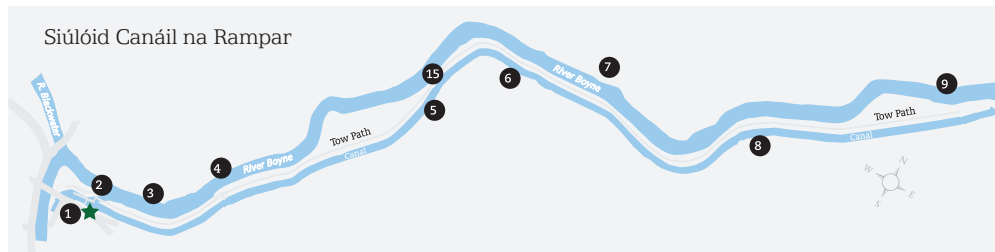
Pointí Mórtais na hUaimhe

Fáilte chuig 'Pointí Mórtais na hUaimhe', turas siúlóide atá leagtha amach chun an chuid is fearr d'oidhreacht na hUaimhe a thaispeáint duit, idir stair shaibhir an bhaile agus na forbairtí is déanaí atá le feiceáil. Is ceiliúradh atá anseo ar phobal, ar ailtreacht agus ar chultúr na hUaimhe.

Tosaíonn siúlóid Phointí Mórtais na hUaimhe amach ag an Ionad Ealaíon Solstice. Tá sí 4km ar fhad agus is féidir í a shiúl laistigh de 2 uair an chloig má shiúlann tú go réidh. Bailigh do chlostreoir agus do bhróisiúr ón Ionad Ealaíon Solstice agus bain taitneamh as an tsiúlóid!



Pointí Mórtais na hUaimhe



Siúlóid Canáil na Rampar

- 1 Ionad Ealaíon Solstice**
Amharclann den chéad scoth a bhfuil 320 siúochán inti agus ionad eolais do thurasóirí
- 2 Sráid an Acadaimh / John Boyle O'Reilly**
Bhí cónaí ar an bhfile cáiliúil John Boyle O'Reilly anseo.
- 3 Otharlann Chontae na Mí**
Ard-Ghiúiré na Mí (mar a bhí ann sula raibh Comhairle Chontae na Mí ann) a bhunaigh é sa bhliain 1754. Bhí sé ar cheann de na Carthanais Leighis a forbraíodh ar fud na hÉireann san 18ú céad.
- 4 Tobar Odhráin**
Ba é Tobar Odhráin an t-aon tobar mór laistigh den bhallaí an bhaile le linn na Meánaoiseanna.
- 5 Seanteach na Cúirte**
Thóg Edward Manning Seanteach na Cúirte sa bhliain 1632.
- 6 Caisleán Áth Luimnigh**
Fothrach Chaisleán Átha Luimnigh.
- 7 Séipéil agus Reilig Áth Luimnigh**
Sa tuama boird in aice le geata na reilig tá taisí Peter Metge, duine de mhuintir Metge na hUaimhe ar Úgónaigh iad. Bhí an tUasal Metge ina Ard-Seansailéir ar Éirinn.
- 8 Na Rampair**
An seanchosán tarraingthe taobh le Canáil na Bóinne. Tá sé beagnach 8 km ar fhad agus leanann ar aghaidh chomh fada leis an Droichead Stigh Colláin.
- 9 Droichead Ruxton**
Ó Droichead Ruxton is féidir dul isteach sna páirceanna beaga atá ar fud an bhaile.
- 10 Droichead an Phoill Bhuí**
Tagann an Bhóinn agus an Abhainn Dubh le chéile ag Droichead an Phoill Bhuí.
- 11 Sráid Gheata an Uisce**
Bhíodh halla an Bhaile in úsáid mar phríosún Bride-well sa 18ú aois. Tá Ceapa an Bhaile suite lasmuigh.
- 12 Cearnóg an Mhargaidh**
Croílár trádála na hUaimhe ab ea Cearnóg an Mhargaidh agus bhíodh cros an mhargaidh i lár na Cearnóige. Tá An Tarbh, dealbh aolchloiche, anois ann. Is cuimhneachán oiriúnach é ar an trádáil a bhíodh ar siúl ann feadh na gcéadta bliain.
- 13 Lána Metge**
Tá Lána Metge ainmnithe i ndiaidh ceann de na teaghlach thábhachtacha Úgónacha a d'fhág an Fhrainc agus a chuir fúthu san Uaimh i dtús an 18ú céad.
- 14 Plás Uí Chinnéide**
Spás uirbeach nua é seo a bhfuil duaiseanna bainte amach aige.
- 15 Rae na gCanónach**
Tá an tsráid ar a dtugtar Rae na gCanónach, a théann siar go dtí an bhliain 1540, ar cheann de na sráideanna is sine ar an mbaile. Tá sí ainmnithe i ndiaidh Chanónaigh Rialta Naomh Aibhistín. Tá an mhainistir a bhíodh ann tráth imithe go huile agus go hiomlán anois.
- 15 Séipéal Caitliceach Naomh Mhuire**
Tógadh Séipéal Caitliceach Naomh Mhuire idir 1830-1839. Trasna an bhóthair ón reilig tá Faiche an Aon-aigh. Bionn margadh ar siúl ansin gach Aoine.

Siúlóid Canáil na Rampar



Théadh na glúine de phobal na hUaimhe ar shiúlóidí in aice na Rampar Dé Domhnaigh agus ar laethanta saoire. Is siúlóid thaitneamhach í seo i gcónaí.

Tosaíonn siúlóid na Rampar ag carchlós na Rampar. Siúlóid 8 km atá i gceist ón gcarchlós go dtí Loc Stigh Colláin. Tógann sé tuairim is 3.5 uair an chloig agus tú ag siúl go réidh.

- 1 Na Rampair
- 2 Droichead Ruxton
- 3 Rinn an Chaisleáin Dhuibh
- 4 Droichead agus Cora Áth Luimnigh
- 5 Loc Rowley
- 6 An Seanchora
- 7 Caisleán Dhún Mó
- 8 Loc an Táthaigh
- 9 Loc Stigh Colláin